Describing and Image or Scene

You should always look closely at the image or scene and ask yourself:

Who is in the scene?
What objects are visible?
Where does the scene take place?
What are the professions of the people?
What actions are being performed?
What are the positions of the people and the objects?
Are the people interacting?

Then, proceed to describe what you see. Avoid three-word answers! You do not have to make very long sentences but they must contain a subject, verb and object. Sentences should contain a minimum of five words. If you can link your ideas together with conjunctions you will gain points. It goes without saying that the more correct your sentences are, the higher your score will be.

You should be able to use the following essential grammar:

⇒Verbs: Use the present progressive or the passive tenses.

Ex: The plane **is taking off**. The doors of the train **are open**, The passengers **are on the platform waiting** to board the plane/train.

⇒Quantifiers and determiners are often used in the descriptions instead of precise numbers.

Some examples: **some, much, a lot of, lots of, any, none, a few, many, all, empty, full,** etc.

Ex: The terrace is **full** of people. **Some** women are talking in front of the bakery.

⇒Prepositions of place and movement: describe the location of people and objects. Some prepositions to review: on, into, at, over, under, in front of, behind, next to, near, above, among, along, through, around, etc.

Ex: The people are sitting **around** the table eating and talking. There is a sign **on** the door. There is a picture hanging **on** the wall. There are books **on** the table. The students are sitting **next to** one another.